



YOU TOO CAN DO **NASA SCIENCE**



SCIENCE LIVE

VIRTUAL EDITION

1
00:00:00,950 --> 00:00:08,150

[Music]

2
00:00:11,749 --> 00:00:10,070

what if i told you that no matter who

3
00:00:13,990 --> 00:00:11,759

you are or where you are

4
00:00:15,669 --> 00:00:14,000

you can participate in science at nasa

5
00:00:17,910 --> 00:00:15,679

and make real world discoveries

6
00:00:20,470 --> 00:00:17,920

alongside nasa scientists

7
00:00:22,710 --> 00:00:20,480

hello i'm your host emily ferfaro and

8
00:00:24,150 --> 00:00:22,720

this is another virtual episode of nasa

9
00:00:26,310 --> 00:00:24,160

science live

10
00:00:28,550 --> 00:00:26,320

from mapping the ocean floors to

11
00:00:29,750 --> 00:00:28,560

discovering new planets outside of our

12
00:00:31,750 --> 00:00:29,760

solar system

13
00:00:32,790 --> 00:00:31,760

nasa has so many different citizen

14

00:00:35,030 --> 00:00:32,800

science projects

15

00:00:37,430 --> 00:00:35,040

where members of the public actually

16

00:00:39,830 --> 00:00:37,440

collaborate with nasa scientists to make

17

00:00:41,990 --> 00:00:39,840

amazing discoveries together

18

00:00:44,030 --> 00:00:42,000

nasa's chief scientist jim green is here

19

00:00:46,389 --> 00:00:44,040

to tell us more

20

00:00:49,590 --> 00:00:46,399

[Music]

21

00:00:50,470 --> 00:00:49,600

have you ever had an aha moment that

22

00:00:53,270 --> 00:00:50,480

feeling when

23

00:00:54,229 --> 00:00:53,280

everything just seems to make sense

24

00:00:58,549 --> 00:00:54,239

scientists

25

00:01:01,110 --> 00:00:58,559

have them all the time hi i'm jim green

26

00:01:01,830 --> 00:01:01,120

nasa's chief scientist and i have

27

00:01:04,229 --> 00:01:01,840

discovered

28

00:01:05,030 --> 00:01:04,239

many new things in my career and let me

29

00:01:07,270 --> 00:01:05,040

tell you

30

00:01:08,310 --> 00:01:07,280

there's nothing quite like that feeling

31

00:01:11,190 --> 00:01:08,320

when you discover

32

00:01:13,109 --> 00:01:11,200

something important that no one in the

33

00:01:15,510 --> 00:01:13,119

world knows

34

00:01:17,350 --> 00:01:15,520

what if i told you that through nasa's

35

00:01:20,950 --> 00:01:17,360

citizen science program

36

00:01:23,749 --> 00:01:20,960

you too can experience that same feeling

37

00:01:25,590 --> 00:01:23,759

are you interested citizen scientists

38

00:01:28,230 --> 00:01:25,600

working with nasa have made

39

00:01:28,870 --> 00:01:28,240

many significant discoveries some of

40

00:01:32,149 --> 00:01:28,880

them

41

00:01:36,069 --> 00:01:32,159

right from their own home for instance

42

00:01:37,350 --> 00:01:36,079

54 000 circumstellar disks have been

43

00:01:40,870 --> 00:01:37,360

found by citizen

44

00:01:45,270 --> 00:01:40,880

scientists what are they these are

45

00:01:48,469 --> 00:01:45,280

debris fields around stars in our galaxy

46

00:01:51,350 --> 00:01:48,479

where planets are being formed for the

47

00:01:53,510 --> 00:01:51,360

very first time

48

00:01:54,710 --> 00:01:53,520

what about the citizen scientists that

49

00:01:58,310 --> 00:01:54,720

have discovered

50

00:02:01,429 --> 00:01:58,320

18 000 mosquito breeding sites

51
00:02:02,709 --> 00:02:01,439
in nasa earth science images breeding

52
00:02:04,870 --> 00:02:02,719
sites like these

53
00:02:06,230 --> 00:02:04,880
are important to first find since

54
00:02:09,749 --> 00:02:06,240
mosquitoes

55
00:02:11,990 --> 00:02:09,759
carry all sorts of diseases so

56
00:02:14,470 --> 00:02:12,000
there are many other discoveries going

57
00:02:17,910 --> 00:02:14,480
on in nasa's citizen science

58
00:02:21,110 --> 00:02:17,920
projects and you can get involved

59
00:02:23,110 --> 00:02:21,120
these projects are real collaborations

60
00:02:26,630 --> 00:02:23,120
between scientists

61
00:02:28,949 --> 00:02:26,640
and a interested public like you

62
00:02:31,589 --> 00:02:28,959
i am sure some of you might be saying

63
00:02:34,150 --> 00:02:31,599

well i don't have a fancy degree

64

00:02:35,670 --> 00:02:34,160

or i can't discover new planets beyond

65

00:02:38,470 --> 00:02:35,680

our solar system

66

00:02:40,949 --> 00:02:38,480

and you'd be wrong you don't have to

67

00:02:43,589 --> 00:02:40,959

have a special degree or job title

68

00:02:45,270 --> 00:02:43,599

in fact you don't even need to have

69

00:02:47,589 --> 00:02:45,280

experience

70

00:02:48,470 --> 00:02:47,599

if you're curious about our universe and

71

00:02:51,030 --> 00:02:48,480

about

72

00:02:53,190 --> 00:02:51,040

our planet earth you can get involved

73

00:02:56,229 --> 00:02:53,200

with real nasa projects

74

00:02:57,509 --> 00:02:56,239

and work alongside real scientists right

75

00:02:59,990 --> 00:02:57,519

now

76
00:03:01,190 --> 00:03:00,000
so what are you waiting for come on and

77
00:03:05,350 --> 00:03:01,200
join us

78
00:03:12,949 --> 00:03:05,360
to get started go to science.nasa.gov

79
00:03:16,630 --> 00:03:14,790
i don't know about you but hearing about

80
00:03:17,350 --> 00:03:16,640
the discoveries made by citizen

81
00:03:20,229 --> 00:03:17,360
scientists

82
00:03:20,710 --> 00:03:20,239
is so exciting if you're anything like

83
00:03:22,790 --> 00:03:20,720
me

84
00:03:23,990 --> 00:03:22,800
i science was always interesting but i

85
00:03:26,309 --> 00:03:24,000
never thought i could be

86
00:03:27,670 --> 00:03:26,319
a scientist so it was great to hear dr

87
00:03:29,030 --> 00:03:27,680
green talk about how

88
00:03:31,270 --> 00:03:29,040

anyone can get involved with these

89

00:03:33,190 --> 00:03:31,280

projects and make discoveries

90

00:03:34,869 --> 00:03:33,200

there are so many great projects that

91

00:03:36,949 --> 00:03:34,879

you can get involved with

92

00:03:38,390 --> 00:03:36,959

today on the show we'll talk about a few

93

00:03:39,350 --> 00:03:38,400

but if you want to learn about all of

94

00:03:42,550 --> 00:03:39,360

the opportunities

95

00:03:46,710 --> 00:03:42,560

visit science.nasa.gov citizen

96

00:03:49,589 --> 00:03:46,720

science did you know that planets form

97

00:03:50,630 --> 00:03:49,599

from vast clouds of gas dust and chunks

98

00:03:52,789 --> 00:03:50,640

of rock

99

00:03:54,710 --> 00:03:52,799

clouds that are in the shape of disks

100

00:03:56,229 --> 00:03:54,720

with stars at the center

101

00:03:58,149 --> 00:03:56,239

by searching for stars that are

102

00:04:00,149 --> 00:03:58,159

surrounded by these cloud disks

103

00:04:01,429 --> 00:04:00,159

we can find out where planets are

104

00:04:03,910 --> 00:04:01,439

currently forming

105

00:04:05,429 --> 00:04:03,920

and where other planets probably exist

106

00:04:07,670 --> 00:04:05,439

today

107

00:04:09,910 --> 00:04:07,680

finding these planet-forming disks has

108

00:04:10,470 --> 00:04:09,920

been a major quest of astronomers for

109

00:04:13,270 --> 00:04:10,480

the past

110

00:04:14,550 --> 00:04:13,280

three decades through a project called

111

00:04:17,270 --> 00:04:14,560

disk detective

112

00:04:18,150 --> 00:04:17,280

you can help we're joined today by dr

113

00:04:19,830 --> 00:04:18,160

mark kushner

114

00:04:22,069 --> 00:04:19,840

citizen science officer at nasa

115

00:04:24,230 --> 00:04:22,079

headquarters and citizen scientist

116

00:04:26,230 --> 00:04:24,240

hugo dorantini lucca thank you so much

117

00:04:29,830 --> 00:04:26,240

for being with us today

118

00:04:31,189 --> 00:04:29,840

thanks emily thank you so mark can you

119

00:04:33,110 --> 00:04:31,199

tell us a little bit more about dis

120

00:04:35,909 --> 00:04:33,120

detective why does nasa need help

121

00:04:38,870 --> 00:04:35,919

studying these objects

122

00:04:41,110 --> 00:04:38,880

so nasa has a wonderful problem which is

123

00:04:42,629 --> 00:04:41,120

that we have images of the whole sky in

124

00:04:45,350 --> 00:04:42,639

infrared wavelengths

125

00:04:47,749 --> 00:04:45,360

and the images from nasa's wise mission

126

00:04:50,870 --> 00:04:47,759

the wide field infrared explorer

127

00:04:52,310 --> 00:04:50,880

contained two billion sources and which

128

00:04:54,870 --> 00:04:52,320

of those sources

129

00:04:56,550 --> 00:04:54,880

are the planet-forming disks that's

130

00:04:58,469 --> 00:04:56,560

where we go to

131

00:04:59,990 --> 00:04:58,479

members of the public and ask for their

132

00:05:03,270 --> 00:05:00,000

help figuring out

133

00:05:06,469 --> 00:05:03,280

which of those needles in the haystack

134

00:05:09,350 --> 00:05:06,479

is a real planet-forming disk

135

00:05:10,710 --> 00:05:09,360

wow wow that's that is amazing that real

136

00:05:11,670 --> 00:05:10,720

people can help with this type of

137

00:05:13,990 --> 00:05:11,680

research

138

00:05:14,950 --> 00:05:14,000

um hugo you are one of those people so

139

00:05:16,390 --> 00:05:14,960

what has been the most

140

00:05:18,550 --> 00:05:16,400

exciting part about working on this

141

00:05:21,029 --> 00:05:18,560

project

142

00:05:22,710 --> 00:05:21,039

a farm in this moment is like a

143

00:05:25,350 --> 00:05:22,720

compilation of things since i am

144

00:05:28,390 --> 00:05:25,360

participating since 2014.

145

00:05:29,990 --> 00:05:28,400

the start for me was a final a project

146

00:05:33,350 --> 00:05:30,000

where i was able to

147

00:05:36,629 --> 00:05:33,360

participate and contribute with science

148

00:05:37,990 --> 00:05:36,639

and be engaged at the same time because

149

00:05:40,150 --> 00:05:38,000

i was trying a couple of

150

00:05:42,629 --> 00:05:40,160

things in that point but they were

151
00:05:44,629 --> 00:05:42,639
project fun projects and all but

152
00:05:45,990 --> 00:05:44,639
they were no interaction with science

153
00:05:49,029 --> 00:05:46,000
team for example

154
00:05:51,350 --> 00:05:49,039
and why i started to interact with mark

155
00:05:53,189 --> 00:05:51,360
via twitter in that point i started to

156
00:05:55,590 --> 00:05:53,199
learn about the project and

157
00:05:58,870 --> 00:05:55,600
talk back and forth with the science

158
00:06:01,189 --> 00:05:58,880
thing i was able to be

159
00:06:03,510 --> 00:06:01,199
in interact with the project because

160
00:06:05,590 --> 00:06:03,520
that interaction was engaging

161
00:06:06,710 --> 00:06:05,600
so i was able to contribute at the same

162
00:06:09,350 --> 00:06:06,720
time i was

163
00:06:10,150 --> 00:06:09,360

learning about the project how the

164

00:06:12,070 --> 00:06:10,160

project work

165

00:06:14,629 --> 00:06:12,080

how the people working in the project

166

00:06:18,629 --> 00:06:16,790

that was a very important thing at first

167

00:06:21,110 --> 00:06:18,639

because i didn't much

168

00:06:23,029 --> 00:06:21,120

know much about astronomy at that point

169

00:06:24,469 --> 00:06:23,039

i was able to find astronomy but didn't

170

00:06:27,430 --> 00:06:24,479

know about the subject

171

00:06:28,070 --> 00:06:27,440

so be able to participate and learn and

172

00:06:30,710 --> 00:06:28,080

reach the

173

00:06:32,469 --> 00:06:30,720

discovery like the peter pan thinks from

174

00:06:35,510 --> 00:06:32,479

for this detective was

175

00:06:36,950 --> 00:06:35,520

something huge i was not even thinking

176

00:06:39,990 --> 00:06:36,960

into discovering at that point

177

00:06:42,550 --> 00:06:40,000

maybe i was only thinking participate

178

00:06:44,230 --> 00:06:42,560

and be able to contribute in an active

179

00:06:45,830 --> 00:06:44,240

way

180

00:06:48,629 --> 00:06:45,840

and we've been learning from you too

181

00:06:50,870 --> 00:06:48,639

hugo it's been a wonderful six years

182

00:06:53,110 --> 00:06:50,880

working together with you

183

00:06:54,790 --> 00:06:53,120

i feel so fortunate to be able to meet

184

00:06:56,390 --> 00:06:54,800

the citizen scientists that we've met

185

00:06:57,990 --> 00:06:56,400

through this project

186

00:06:59,670 --> 00:06:58,000

yeah it seems like such a great

187

00:07:01,510 --> 00:06:59,680

community so

188

00:07:02,790 --> 00:07:01,520

can can anyone get involved and help

189

00:07:05,830 --> 00:07:02,800

with this project what sort of

190

00:07:08,790 --> 00:07:05,840

experience do people need

191

00:07:10,790 --> 00:07:08,800

no experience necessary so you just go

192

00:07:13,270 --> 00:07:10,800

to diskdetective.org

193

00:07:14,309 --> 00:07:13,280

there's a short online tutorial in about

194

00:07:16,870 --> 00:07:14,319

five minutes

195

00:07:17,589 --> 00:07:16,880

you're looking at data you're helping

196

00:07:18,710 --> 00:07:17,599

nasa

197

00:07:21,189 --> 00:07:18,720

and you're potentially making

198

00:07:23,430 --> 00:07:21,199

discoveries indeed

199

00:07:24,790 --> 00:07:23,440

and remember you are going to be having

200

00:07:27,990 --> 00:07:24,800

fun while learning so

201
00:07:28,870 --> 00:07:28,000
be patient if the project really caused

202
00:07:31,990 --> 00:07:28,880
you

203
00:07:34,870 --> 00:07:32,000
much time to

204
00:07:37,029 --> 00:07:34,880
learn about more details and different

205
00:07:39,990 --> 00:07:37,039
parts of the project so

206
00:07:41,110 --> 00:07:40,000
have a try and have fun that's awesome

207
00:07:42,390 --> 00:07:41,120
that's such good advice that was

208
00:07:43,830 --> 00:07:42,400
actually going to be my next question

209
00:07:45,110 --> 00:07:43,840
what sort of advice do you have for

210
00:07:47,670 --> 00:07:45,120
people that might be interested in

211
00:07:49,749 --> 00:07:47,680
getting started

212
00:07:51,430 --> 00:07:49,759
in astronomy patient is one of the key

213
00:07:54,390 --> 00:07:51,440

because astronomy has

214

00:07:55,029 --> 00:07:54,400

a lot of different things a lot of tools

215

00:07:59,670 --> 00:07:55,039

and

216

00:08:01,749 --> 00:07:59,680

learn

217

00:08:03,430 --> 00:08:01,759

that passion patience is one of the keys

218

00:08:06,710 --> 00:08:03,440

aside of wanting to

219

00:08:08,309 --> 00:08:06,720

to learn and astronomy has also a huge

220

00:08:11,589 --> 00:08:08,319

variety of things

221

00:08:13,909 --> 00:08:11,599

to study maybe you

222

00:08:15,350 --> 00:08:13,919

will want to know the look of stars

223

00:08:17,350 --> 00:08:15,360

perfect or maybe you

224

00:08:18,790 --> 00:08:17,360

you want to see pretty galaxy there are

225

00:08:22,710 --> 00:08:18,800

also projects for that

226

00:08:26,070 --> 00:08:22,720

astronomy can you have a big

227

00:08:28,150 --> 00:08:26,080

selection of things for you there and

228

00:08:29,189 --> 00:08:28,160

hugo you helped us discover peter pan

229

00:08:34,149 --> 00:08:29,199

discs

230

00:08:36,949 --> 00:08:34,159

still forming planets

231

00:08:37,909 --> 00:08:36,959

so scientists we astronomers thought

232

00:08:40,070 --> 00:08:37,919

that

233

00:08:41,990 --> 00:08:40,080

disks stopped forming planets after

234

00:08:44,149 --> 00:08:42,000

about five million years

235

00:08:46,550 --> 00:08:44,159

but then the citizen scientists at this

236

00:08:48,790 --> 00:08:46,560

detective started finding objects

237

00:08:49,750 --> 00:08:48,800

that were forming that were able to form

238

00:08:53,190 --> 00:08:49,760

planets

239

00:08:53,509 --> 00:08:53,200

about nine or ten times the age of that

240

00:08:56,630 --> 00:08:53,519

so

241

00:09:00,310 --> 00:08:56,640

into the 40 and 50 million year

242

00:09:01,670 --> 00:09:00,320

old age range and uh

243

00:09:02,710 --> 00:09:01,680

you know the astronomy community is

244

00:09:04,949 --> 00:09:02,720

still trying to figure out what that

245

00:09:06,949 --> 00:09:04,959

means so that's pretty exciting

246

00:09:08,630 --> 00:09:06,959

that's amazing that is so cool that new

247

00:09:10,949 --> 00:09:08,640

discoveries have come out of this

248

00:09:12,310 --> 00:09:10,959

um working with with citizens and

249

00:09:14,710 --> 00:09:12,320

scientists

250

00:09:15,829 --> 00:09:14,720

yeah and maybe first people

251

00:09:18,310 --> 00:09:15,839

participating jack

252

00:09:19,430 --> 00:09:18,320

can leave you as some surprise like me

253

00:09:22,389 --> 00:09:19,440

when i was

254

00:09:24,310 --> 00:09:22,399

invited to my local tv station to an

255

00:09:27,590 --> 00:09:24,320

interview about that

256

00:09:30,630 --> 00:09:27,600

um well you became a

257

00:09:33,030 --> 00:09:30,640

a local celebrity for a bit uh

258

00:09:34,710 --> 00:09:33,040

by making a decent science discovery

259

00:09:37,030 --> 00:09:34,720

that is so cool

260

00:09:39,190 --> 00:09:37,040

wow well that's all the time we have

261

00:09:40,710 --> 00:09:39,200

today thank you both so much for joining

262

00:09:48,949 --> 00:09:40,720

us

263

00:09:51,350 --> 00:09:48,959

community

264

00:09:53,030 --> 00:09:51,360

nasa has developed an interactive app

265

00:09:54,949 --> 00:09:53,040

called nemonet

266

00:09:56,949 --> 00:09:54,959

it's used to characterize coral reef

267

00:09:58,710 --> 00:09:56,959

ecosystems around the world with

268

00:10:00,550 --> 00:09:58,720

unprecedented accuracy

269

00:10:02,069 --> 00:10:00,560

today we're joined by 10 year old

270

00:10:05,269 --> 00:10:02,079

citizen scientist

271

00:10:06,230 --> 00:10:05,279

kellen homan and nasa scientist dr vade

272

00:10:08,310 --> 00:10:06,240

triath

273

00:10:10,389 --> 00:10:08,320

to tell us more about this fun project

274

00:10:11,990 --> 00:10:10,399

thank you both for joining us today

275

00:10:14,150 --> 00:10:12,000

ben so can you tell us a little bit more

276

00:10:16,710 --> 00:10:14,160

about nemo net what is it

277

00:10:18,470 --> 00:10:16,720

sure so i invented a technology called

278

00:10:20,230 --> 00:10:18,480

fluid lensing at nasa

279

00:10:22,470 --> 00:10:20,240

and it's the first technique we've had

280

00:10:23,030 --> 00:10:22,480

that can look beneath the ocean waves

281

00:10:25,430 --> 00:10:23,040

and map

282

00:10:27,430 --> 00:10:25,440

corals in 3d so we've been traveling

283

00:10:29,509 --> 00:10:27,440

around the world using drones and this

284

00:10:31,110 --> 00:10:29,519

technique to map corals in 3d

285

00:10:32,949 --> 00:10:31,120

and the really the biggest challenge we

286

00:10:34,550 --> 00:10:32,959

have with all of this data is how to

287

00:10:36,470 --> 00:10:34,560

classify it how do we get

288

00:10:38,069 --> 00:10:36,480

the basic number of how many corals

289

00:10:40,470 --> 00:10:38,079

there are how they're doing as a

290

00:10:42,550 --> 00:10:40,480

function of changing ocean temperatures

291

00:10:44,069 --> 00:10:42,560

and that's where nemonite comes in so we

292

00:10:46,150 --> 00:10:44,079

built a video game

293

00:10:48,150 --> 00:10:46,160

that ties into our super computer and

294

00:10:49,990 --> 00:10:48,160

you can download it and play it on your

295

00:10:51,350 --> 00:10:50,000

iphone or ipad device

296

00:10:53,030 --> 00:10:51,360

and what you're doing in that game is

297

00:10:54,470 --> 00:10:53,040

looking at our data sets that we are

298

00:10:55,269 --> 00:10:54,480

getting from around the world with these

299

00:10:57,430 --> 00:10:55,279

drones

300

00:10:59,350 --> 00:10:57,440

and helping learn about corals at the

301
00:11:02,550 --> 00:10:59,360
same time as coloring them and

302
00:11:04,790 --> 00:11:02,560
feeding data into our super computer wow

303
00:11:06,550 --> 00:11:04,800
this is such a cool idea to get people

304
00:11:09,430 --> 00:11:06,560
involved in this project

305
00:11:10,150 --> 00:11:09,440
um kellen i understand that you've been

306
00:11:12,069 --> 00:11:10,160
working

307
00:11:13,190 --> 00:11:12,079
with on this project so can you tell us

308
00:11:15,110 --> 00:11:13,200
is nemo net more

309
00:11:16,230 --> 00:11:15,120
like a game or is it like school work

310
00:11:19,509 --> 00:11:16,240
and have you learned

311
00:11:20,790 --> 00:11:19,519
science by playing the game it's kind of

312
00:11:22,310 --> 00:11:20,800
it's kind of like a game because it's

313
00:11:23,990 --> 00:11:22,320

not school work you kind of get to do

314

00:11:26,310 --> 00:11:24,000

what you want to do you can

315

00:11:29,030 --> 00:11:26,320

choose where you want to be and what and

316

00:11:31,350 --> 00:11:29,040

what you want to do they're like 2d 3d

317

00:11:32,310 --> 00:11:31,360

and then there's stuff like that that

318

00:11:33,829 --> 00:11:32,320

sounds very fun

319

00:11:35,590 --> 00:11:33,839

what kind of things have you learned

320

00:11:36,550 --> 00:11:35,600

from playing the game

321

00:11:38,630 --> 00:11:36,560

there's a lot of different types of

322

00:11:42,630 --> 00:11:38,640

coral and there are

323

00:11:46,310 --> 00:11:42,640

some key regions that have coral

324

00:11:48,310 --> 00:11:46,320

um they are

325

00:11:49,990 --> 00:11:48,320

you can classify guan the great barrier

326

00:11:53,110 --> 00:11:50,000

reef american samoa

327

00:11:54,710 --> 00:11:53,120

hawaii or puerto rico coral so that

328

00:11:56,710 --> 00:11:54,720

seems like where the most of the coral

329

00:11:59,190 --> 00:11:56,720

is probably

330

00:12:00,870 --> 00:11:59,200

wow i didn't know that so can you show

331

00:12:02,710 --> 00:12:00,880

us kind of how you

332

00:12:04,389 --> 00:12:02,720

how you interact with this app i hear

333

00:12:06,310 --> 00:12:04,399

that you are so good at classifying

334

00:12:07,430 --> 00:12:06,320

coral that you have earned the status of

335

00:12:10,470 --> 00:12:07,440

sea turtle

336

00:12:13,350 --> 00:12:10,480

um was it hard to get to that level

337

00:12:13,750 --> 00:12:13,360

yup i've been playing it for yeah a few

338

00:12:19,190 --> 00:12:13,760

months

339

00:12:20,150 --> 00:12:19,200

coral i have the types of coral on here

340

00:12:25,430 --> 00:12:20,160

i can

341

00:12:27,430 --> 00:12:25,440

of all the quarter types i have what i

342

00:12:31,269 --> 00:12:27,440

what i can classify

343

00:12:33,910 --> 00:12:31,279

and like what they look like so then

344

00:12:34,949 --> 00:12:33,920

i'll get out of that and then we have

345

00:12:38,550 --> 00:12:34,959

the 3d map

346

00:12:40,629 --> 00:12:38,560

to you can like scroll

347

00:12:41,990 --> 00:12:40,639

all the directions you can look from

348

00:12:45,269 --> 00:12:42,000

like all directions

349

00:12:47,430 --> 00:12:45,279

it sounds like you're a pro so ved how

350

00:12:49,190 --> 00:12:47,440

are citizen scientists like kellen and

351

00:12:50,710 --> 00:12:49,200

their work in this app helping us

352

00:12:52,790 --> 00:12:50,720

understand what's what's going on with

353

00:12:55,030 --> 00:12:52,800

coral reefs

354

00:12:57,190 --> 00:12:55,040

uh i mean to put it bluntly they are

355

00:12:58,150 --> 00:12:57,200

changing the world and we have mapped as

356

00:13:00,710 --> 00:12:58,160

of 2020

357

00:13:02,389 --> 00:13:00,720

around six percent of the ocean floor

358

00:13:03,910 --> 00:13:02,399

and one of the reasons why it's so

359

00:13:05,190 --> 00:13:03,920

difficult to map the ocean floor first

360

00:13:06,790 --> 00:13:05,200

is because it's difficult to see

361

00:13:07,829 --> 00:13:06,800

anything beneath ocean waves so our

362

00:13:09,590 --> 00:13:07,839

instrument helps

363

00:13:11,670 --> 00:13:09,600

fix that and reveal that environment in

364

00:13:13,110 --> 00:13:11,680

3d but the second is once you have all

365

00:13:14,550 --> 00:13:13,120

that data it really doesn't mean

366

00:13:16,710 --> 00:13:14,560

anything unless you have

367

00:13:18,230 --> 00:13:16,720

humans come in and help annotate what it

368

00:13:20,629 --> 00:13:18,240

is we're looking at is it

369

00:13:21,350 --> 00:13:20,639

sand are we looking at sea cucumbers sea

370

00:13:23,430 --> 00:13:21,360

grass

371

00:13:25,750 --> 00:13:23,440

corals and it really becomes a

372

00:13:27,670 --> 00:13:25,760

complicated machine learning problem

373

00:13:29,430 --> 00:13:27,680

so when we first created the project we

374

00:13:31,509 --> 00:13:29,440

didn't have a video game in mind we were

375

00:13:33,269 --> 00:13:31,519

purely focused on super computing

376

00:13:34,550 --> 00:13:33,279

and being able to develop the tool to

377

00:13:36,710 --> 00:13:34,560

classify these reefs

378

00:13:38,150 --> 00:13:36,720

but we learned you know that the super

379

00:13:38,629 --> 00:13:38,160

computer results and the machine

380

00:13:40,310 --> 00:13:38,639

learning

381

00:13:42,150 --> 00:13:40,320

outputs were only as good as the

382

00:13:43,509 --> 00:13:42,160

training data we have

383

00:13:44,949 --> 00:13:43,519

at that point you know we thought all

384

00:13:45,990 --> 00:13:44,959

right we have we have an untapped

385

00:13:48,230 --> 00:13:46,000

potential

386

00:13:49,750 --> 00:13:48,240

across the world in our nation as well

387

00:13:51,430 --> 00:13:49,760

with all of these students who are

388

00:13:52,629 --> 00:13:51,440

interested engaged they want to explore

389

00:13:54,629 --> 00:13:52,639

these environments

390

00:13:56,150 --> 00:13:54,639

um it's it's funny that this happened

391

00:13:57,670 --> 00:13:56,160

during the pandemic and a lot of folks

392

00:13:59,509 --> 00:13:57,680

were looking for an activity to do at

393

00:14:01,430 --> 00:13:59,519

home that would be at once educational

394

00:14:03,350 --> 00:14:01,440

and benefit science and that's when we

395

00:14:04,310 --> 00:14:03,360

we decided to launch nemo net on earth

396

00:14:05,990 --> 00:14:04,320

day this year

397

00:14:08,389 --> 00:14:06,000

and so we've we currently have around

398

00:14:10,949 --> 00:14:08,399

100 000 plus active users

399

00:14:11,670 --> 00:14:10,959

kellen is in our in our top 1 of pro

400

00:14:14,829 --> 00:14:11,680

players

401
00:14:15,990 --> 00:14:14,839
he outclassifies phd trained coral reef

402
00:14:19,110 --> 00:14:16,000
biologists

403
00:14:22,470 --> 00:14:19,120
regularly um history name is

404
00:14:23,509 --> 00:14:22,480
admiral crocodile and it's it's really

405
00:14:27,030 --> 00:14:23,519
just amazing

406
00:14:28,949 --> 00:14:27,040
how how quickly um kids in his age group

407
00:14:30,790 --> 00:14:28,959
pick up on classifying this is not an

408
00:14:33,590 --> 00:14:30,800
easy task i struggle with this

409
00:14:35,430 --> 00:14:33,600
you open the game you see a 3d coral

410
00:14:36,629 --> 00:14:35,440
which looks to you know like a loaf of

411
00:14:38,550 --> 00:14:36,639
bread to some people

412
00:14:39,990 --> 00:14:38,560
it can look like very different shapes

413
00:14:42,230 --> 00:14:40,000

kids have to learn what that is

414

00:14:43,030 --> 00:14:42,240

pass an accuracy test while painting in

415

00:14:44,790 --> 00:14:43,040

3d

416

00:14:47,189 --> 00:14:44,800

and that's how they graduate and level

417

00:14:48,949 --> 00:14:47,199

up the food chain in the video game

418

00:14:50,550 --> 00:14:48,959

and all that data then gets compared on

419

00:14:52,790 --> 00:14:50,560

our super computer we can measure its

420

00:14:53,910 --> 00:14:52,800

statistics related to other scientists

421

00:14:56,310 --> 00:14:53,920

inputs other

422

00:14:57,670 --> 00:14:56,320

uh amateur players and it's it's really

423

00:14:59,509 --> 00:14:57,680

the sweet spot we found for

424

00:15:02,710 --> 00:14:59,519

classification is roughly

425

00:15:03,750 --> 00:15:02,720

kellen's age group um and the amount of

426

00:15:05,509 --> 00:15:03,760

time that they play

427

00:15:06,790 --> 00:15:05,519

the the knowledge they have in these

428

00:15:08,470 --> 00:15:06,800

environments is really just

429

00:15:10,710 --> 00:15:08,480

extraordinary so

430

00:15:12,150 --> 00:15:10,720

yeah i'd say we could not do it without

431

00:15:15,189 --> 00:15:12,160

without kids like helen

432

00:15:16,389 --> 00:15:15,199

this is so amazing so uh kellen do you

433

00:15:17,910 --> 00:15:16,399

have any advice for

434

00:15:19,670 --> 00:15:17,920

for people watching that might want to

435

00:15:22,389 --> 00:15:19,680

get involved

436

00:15:24,069 --> 00:15:22,399

yeah i also wanna where i i actually

437

00:15:26,150 --> 00:15:24,079

have the number there have been seven

438

00:15:27,189 --> 00:15:26,160

thousand seven hundred thousand three

439

00:15:30,389 --> 00:15:27,199

hundred

440

00:15:33,110 --> 00:15:30,399

and eighty eight classifications by

441

00:15:36,870 --> 00:15:33,120

everybody who's been playing nemo net

442

00:15:39,590 --> 00:15:36,880

that's amazing and advice is definitely

443

00:15:40,629 --> 00:15:39,600

take your time and like do it one at a

444

00:15:42,230 --> 00:15:40,639

time

445

00:15:43,749 --> 00:15:42,240

and definitely look and make sure you

446

00:15:44,470 --> 00:15:43,759

know what each choral type looks like

447

00:15:47,749 --> 00:15:44,480

because they do give

448

00:15:49,110 --> 00:15:47,759

actual pictures in the game of what the

449

00:15:52,069 --> 00:15:49,120

choral types look like

450

00:15:53,990 --> 00:15:52,079

so that's that helps classify once you

451
00:15:56,389 --> 00:15:54,000
when you can see what the coral type

452
00:15:57,829 --> 00:15:56,399
looks like and then you can put that in

453
00:16:00,949 --> 00:15:57,839
to your knowledge of what so

454
00:16:03,189 --> 00:16:00,959
what we're looking for in the game

455
00:16:04,389 --> 00:16:03,199
this is so cool i am just so impressed

456
00:16:07,430 --> 00:16:04,399
but thank you both

457
00:16:10,310 --> 00:16:07,440
so much for joining us

458
00:16:12,150 --> 00:16:10,320
let's move up into the atmosphere way up

459
00:16:12,790 --> 00:16:12,160
to where the auroras dance across our

460
00:16:14,230 --> 00:16:12,800
skies

461
00:16:16,150 --> 00:16:14,240
in order to track the appearance of

462
00:16:18,389 --> 00:16:16,160
auroras across the globe

463
00:16:19,829 --> 00:16:18,399

nasa supports a citizen science project

464

00:16:22,150 --> 00:16:19,839

called aurorasaurus

465

00:16:23,110 --> 00:16:22,160

where volunteers submit reports and

466

00:16:25,590 --> 00:16:23,120

photographs

467

00:16:27,430 --> 00:16:25,600

through a mobile app and website with

468

00:16:28,150 --> 00:16:27,440

all of this data from users around the

469

00:16:30,310 --> 00:16:28,160

planet

470

00:16:31,430 --> 00:16:30,320

researchers are able to learn more about

471

00:16:33,749 --> 00:16:31,440

this mysterious

472

00:16:35,030 --> 00:16:33,759

and dazzling phenomenon i'm joined by

473

00:16:37,670 --> 00:16:35,040

nasa scientist

474

00:16:38,470 --> 00:16:37,680

dr elizabeth mcdonald and citizen

475

00:16:40,150 --> 00:16:38,480

scientist

476

00:16:42,389 --> 00:16:40,160

donna locke thank you so much for

477

00:16:45,670 --> 00:16:42,399

joining us

478

00:16:48,870 --> 00:16:45,680

hi thank you for including me

479

00:16:51,189 --> 00:16:48,880

hi thanks of course so elizabeth

480

00:16:52,870 --> 00:16:51,199

why is it an important area of research

481

00:16:56,389 --> 00:16:52,880

um to have these citizen scientists

482

00:16:58,949 --> 00:16:56,399

contribute um regarding auroras

483

00:16:59,829 --> 00:16:58,959

yeah so auroras affect our technologies

484

00:17:02,949 --> 00:16:59,839

on earth

485

00:17:04,150 --> 00:17:02,959

and in the sky on in satellites and they

486

00:17:06,549 --> 00:17:04,160

move really quickly

487

00:17:09,270 --> 00:17:06,559

and it's important um to get an

488

00:17:11,429 --> 00:17:09,280

understanding of what they're doing

489

00:17:12,309 --> 00:17:11,439

even when they're really quiet or really

490

00:17:14,150 --> 00:17:12,319

large

491

00:17:15,590 --> 00:17:14,160

and citizen scientists can really help

492

00:17:18,710 --> 00:17:15,600

with that

493

00:17:20,150 --> 00:17:18,720

amazing so donna you um are a citizen

494

00:17:22,390 --> 00:17:20,160

scientist with this project

495

00:17:23,270 --> 00:17:22,400

can you uh kind of walk us through what

496

00:17:26,630 --> 00:17:23,280

contributing

497

00:17:29,990 --> 00:17:26,640

looks like sure um

498

00:17:31,909 --> 00:17:30,000

it's uh what our source wants is

499

00:17:33,990 --> 00:17:31,919

our observations from the ground

500

00:17:35,750 --> 00:17:34,000

wherever we are so we are their boots in

501

00:17:38,070 --> 00:17:35,760

the ground eyes to the sky

502

00:17:39,990 --> 00:17:38,080

and it starts with me watching the

503

00:17:42,630 --> 00:17:40,000

forecast for the aurora

504

00:17:43,590 --> 00:17:42,640

and the solar activity uh listening to

505

00:17:46,549 --> 00:17:43,600

the chatter on

506

00:17:48,710 --> 00:17:46,559

twitter and our facebook groups and when

507

00:17:51,190 --> 00:17:48,720

the conditions are right and the sky is

508

00:17:55,270 --> 00:17:51,200

clear i head out with my camera

509

00:17:59,270 --> 00:17:55,280

and i will take pictures of the aurora

510

00:18:02,310 --> 00:17:59,280

and after that i will report

511

00:18:05,430 --> 00:18:02,320

by going online to aurorasaurus or

512

00:18:08,630 --> 00:18:05,440

on their their app but we would

513

00:18:11,669 --> 00:18:08,640

uh give them our observations and upload

514

00:18:14,070 --> 00:18:11,679

a photo of what we saw on the ground

515

00:18:16,390 --> 00:18:14,080

wow and elizabeth how does that help you

516

00:18:19,990 --> 00:18:16,400

with your research

517

00:18:21,750 --> 00:18:20,000

well knowing um exactly what time it was

518

00:18:23,190 --> 00:18:21,760

and where the person was when they saw

519

00:18:25,190 --> 00:18:23,200

the aurora

520

00:18:26,789 --> 00:18:25,200

allows us to put all of those different

521

00:18:29,270 --> 00:18:26,799

images together

522

00:18:30,230 --> 00:18:29,280

along with our traditional observations

523

00:18:33,669 --> 00:18:30,240

and

524

00:18:37,990 --> 00:18:36,070

in more depth what kind of discoveries

525

00:18:41,430 --> 00:18:38,000

have citizen scientists made

526
00:18:43,750 --> 00:18:41,440
with this project so

527
00:18:44,950 --> 00:18:43,760
one big one is something called steve

528
00:18:47,750 --> 00:18:44,960
which is actually

529
00:18:49,590 --> 00:18:47,760
an aurora that can be seen um further

530
00:18:52,870 --> 00:18:49,600
away from the poles than the usual

531
00:18:56,150 --> 00:18:52,880
aurora so overhead over

532
00:18:58,710 --> 00:18:56,160
southern canada and the northern u.s and

533
00:18:59,990 --> 00:18:58,720
it's very unusual it kind of looks like

534
00:19:03,350 --> 00:19:00,000
an airplane

535
00:19:05,590 --> 00:19:03,360
condensation trail but with a photograph

536
00:19:06,390 --> 00:19:05,600
you can pick up these amazing colors as

537
00:19:08,870 --> 00:19:06,400
well

538
00:19:10,390 --> 00:19:08,880

and by studying it further with

539

00:19:11,909 --> 00:19:10,400
satellite data and

540

00:19:14,150 --> 00:19:11,919
other data from the ground we've

541

00:19:16,950 --> 00:19:14,160
discovered it's it's really like a

542

00:19:17,669 --> 00:19:16,960
flow driven aurora it's an east to west

543

00:19:19,590 --> 00:19:17,679
flow

544

00:19:20,710 --> 00:19:19,600
that is lighting up the sky and doing

545

00:19:23,909 --> 00:19:20,720
some amazing

546

00:19:26,549 --> 00:19:23,919
kind of new unusual aurora

547

00:19:28,789 --> 00:19:26,559
auroral activity that's still being

548

00:19:31,750 --> 00:19:28,799
studied now

549

00:19:32,549 --> 00:19:31,760
wow that is amazing so i've only seen

550

00:19:35,110 --> 00:19:32,559
aurora's in

551
00:19:38,310 --> 00:19:35,120
in videos and images what is it like to

552
00:19:41,909 --> 00:19:38,320
to see it firsthand

553
00:19:43,669 --> 00:19:41,919
my latitude in southern manitoba

554
00:19:45,430 --> 00:19:43,679
it's it just looks like a white light

555
00:19:48,150 --> 00:19:45,440
maybe with a green tint to it

556
00:19:50,390 --> 00:19:48,160
when it's active then sometimes i can

557
00:19:53,510 --> 00:19:50,400
see the pink fringe along the bottom

558
00:19:55,029 --> 00:19:53,520
and sometimes i can also see the red

559
00:19:58,230 --> 00:19:55,039
that goes high above

560
00:20:00,390 --> 00:19:58,240
but uh most of the time it's only about

561
00:20:03,190 --> 00:20:00,400
30 degrees above the horizon where i

562
00:20:03,990 --> 00:20:03,200
am once in a while it will go overhead

563
00:20:10,710 --> 00:20:04,000

and

564

00:20:11,430 --> 00:20:10,720

if we hit a get to a substorm then it

565

00:20:14,870 --> 00:20:11,440

will start

566

00:20:16,390 --> 00:20:14,880

dancing for about 30 seconds to about 20

567

00:20:19,270 --> 00:20:16,400

minutes and that's the very

568

00:20:21,430 --> 00:20:19,280

exciting part that we want to photograph

569

00:20:24,470 --> 00:20:21,440

and after that

570

00:20:27,669 --> 00:20:24,480

is a very subtle um

571

00:20:30,230 --> 00:20:27,679

pulsating yeah pulsating um aurora

572

00:20:31,750 --> 00:20:30,240

that is difficult to actually see with

573

00:20:34,549 --> 00:20:31,760

the eyes but the camera can really

574

00:20:36,789 --> 00:20:34,559

capture it beautifully

575

00:20:38,950 --> 00:20:36,799

that is just amazing and so we only have

576

00:20:40,149 --> 00:20:38,960

a couple seconds left but could you

577

00:20:41,590 --> 00:20:40,159

how do you have a couple pieces of

578

00:20:43,590 --> 00:20:41,600

advice for people that want to get

579

00:20:46,870 --> 00:20:43,600

involved

580

00:20:48,390 --> 00:20:46,880

i would say please join us because it's

581

00:20:50,870 --> 00:20:48,400

it's a very exciting thing to be

582

00:20:53,909 --> 00:20:50,880

involved with to be able to report

583

00:20:55,750 --> 00:20:53,919

uh and share what i see

584

00:20:57,590 --> 00:20:55,760

i'm not a scientist i don't have a great

585

00:20:59,510 --> 00:20:57,600

camera i don't uh

586

00:21:00,870 --> 00:20:59,520

i'm not a professional but i can be

587

00:21:01,510 --> 00:21:00,880

involved in something that's really

588

00:21:02,950 --> 00:21:01,520

important

589

00:21:04,870 --> 00:21:02,960

and right now in this time of social

590

00:21:05,990 --> 00:21:04,880

distancing we're looking for something

591

00:21:08,789 --> 00:21:06,000

to do outside

592

00:21:10,710 --> 00:21:08,799

and we can do this on our own we don't

593

00:21:12,549 --> 00:21:10,720

need to worry about social distancing

594

00:21:14,070 --> 00:21:12,559

and we can link arms with everyone

595

00:21:17,029 --> 00:21:14,080

across the globe

596

00:21:18,470 --> 00:21:17,039

to be a part of something very exciting

597

00:21:20,950 --> 00:21:18,480

like this

598

00:21:23,430 --> 00:21:20,960

yeah virtually we can get together and

599

00:21:24,149 --> 00:21:23,440

also it's really a great bridge between

600

00:21:28,549 --> 00:21:24,159

the

601

00:21:31,830 --> 00:21:28,559

it spurs a lot of great

602

00:21:35,029 --> 00:21:31,840

communication and um questions

603

00:21:37,110 --> 00:21:35,039

about what we're seeing so yeah we

604

00:21:39,909 --> 00:21:37,120

encourage people to join us

605

00:21:40,549 --> 00:21:39,919

be patient the sun we have to wait for

606

00:21:43,110 --> 00:21:40,559

the sun

607

00:21:44,470 --> 00:21:43,120

and the sky to be clear and that can

608

00:21:46,149 --> 00:21:44,480

take a while but

609

00:21:47,669 --> 00:21:46,159

you can join our community and learn

610

00:21:51,350 --> 00:21:47,679

more in the meantime

611

00:21:55,430 --> 00:21:51,360

so everyone is welcome awesome

612

00:21:59,590 --> 00:21:57,190

if you're interested in astronomy and

613

00:22:00,630 --> 00:21:59,600

looking to the sky this next project

614

00:22:03,110 --> 00:22:00,640

might be for you

615

00:22:04,070 --> 00:22:03,120

the international astronomical search

616

00:22:06,310 --> 00:22:04,080

collaboration

617

00:22:07,909 --> 00:22:06,320

also known as isaac is a program that

618

00:22:10,310 --> 00:22:07,919

allows citizen scientists

619

00:22:11,669 --> 00:22:10,320

all around the world to analyze nasa's

620

00:22:13,669 --> 00:22:11,679

high quality data

621

00:22:15,350 --> 00:22:13,679

of near-earth objects things like

622

00:22:17,430 --> 00:22:15,360

asteroids and comets

623

00:22:19,669 --> 00:22:17,440

with this data volunteers are able to

624

00:22:20,549 --> 00:22:19,679

make discoveries of new asteroids in our

625

00:22:22,710 --> 00:22:20,559

solar system

626
00:22:24,630 --> 00:22:22,720
and near earth i'm joined by isaac

627
00:22:27,190 --> 00:22:24,640
founder dr patrick miller

628
00:22:27,990 --> 00:22:27,200
and citizen scientist ludwig aldolfo

629
00:22:32,310 --> 00:22:28,000
fernandez

630
00:22:34,310 --> 00:22:32,320
thank you both for joining us thank you

631
00:22:36,149 --> 00:22:34,320
so patrick this sounds like an exciting

632
00:22:40,470 --> 00:22:36,159
project could you tell us more

633
00:22:41,029 --> 00:22:40,480
about it yes uh we uh we started this

634
00:22:44,710 --> 00:22:41,039
project

635
00:22:47,669 --> 00:22:44,720
in uh in in 2006 i think we had

636
00:22:48,230 --> 00:22:47,679
like five teams participating now we've

637
00:22:50,470 --> 00:22:48,240
got over

638
00:22:52,149 --> 00:22:50,480

3000 teams from 80 countries around the

639

00:22:54,549 --> 00:22:52,159

world to participate

640

00:22:56,230 --> 00:22:54,559

uh we provide images from large

641

00:22:57,350 --> 00:22:56,240

telescopes uh at the university of

642

00:23:00,549 --> 00:22:57,360

hawaii

643

00:23:02,230 --> 00:23:00,559

uh the pan stars uh sky survey and also

644

00:23:03,590 --> 00:23:02,240

the university of arizona the catalina

645

00:23:06,549 --> 00:23:03,600

sky survey

646

00:23:08,549 --> 00:23:06,559

uh we take these images we process them

647

00:23:10,390 --> 00:23:08,559

and then send them out to teams of

648

00:23:12,390 --> 00:23:10,400

citizen scientists around the world

649

00:23:13,510 --> 00:23:12,400

and their job is to look through these

650

00:23:17,270 --> 00:23:13,520

these images

651

00:23:21,110 --> 00:23:17,280

and find discoveries of of asteroids

652

00:23:25,750 --> 00:23:24,070

wow this is really important work um so

653

00:23:26,310 --> 00:23:25,760

ludwing you've been involved with this

654

00:23:28,870 --> 00:23:26,320

project

655

00:23:30,470 --> 00:23:28,880

um can you tell us how how you

656

00:23:34,470 --> 00:23:30,480

participate and what sort of skills

657

00:23:38,070 --> 00:23:37,029

well uh well i managed the campaign for

658

00:23:39,990 --> 00:23:38,080

bolivia it's named

659

00:23:41,909 --> 00:23:40,000

all bolivian as the research campaign

660

00:23:44,390 --> 00:23:41,919

this campaign is pretty neo and we are

661

00:23:46,230 --> 00:23:44,400

working with isaac since 2018

662

00:23:48,149 --> 00:23:46,240

and to this day more than one thousand

663

00:23:50,789 --> 00:23:48,159

students participated in the campaign

664

00:23:51,830 --> 00:23:50,799

there isn't like a list of skills to

665

00:23:53,350 --> 00:23:51,840

participate but

666

00:23:55,750 --> 00:23:53,360

the student needs to meet some

667

00:23:57,350 --> 00:23:55,760

requirements such as having a computer

668

00:23:58,789 --> 00:23:57,360

and have an internet connection

669

00:24:01,190 --> 00:23:58,799

sometimes the school is in charge of

670

00:24:04,310 --> 00:24:01,200

that well but the most important

671

00:24:05,510 --> 00:24:04,320

is to have the desire to learn and to

672

00:24:09,029 --> 00:24:05,520

make to contribute

673

00:24:09,990 --> 00:24:09,039

to observation of asteroids wow okay so

674

00:24:11,510 --> 00:24:10,000

what kind of

675

00:24:14,870 --> 00:24:11,520

observations and discoveries have you

676
00:24:18,390 --> 00:24:16,390
well the living campaign we have made

677
00:24:21,029 --> 00:24:18,400
more than 400 uh

678
00:24:22,390 --> 00:24:21,039
probably preliminar asteroids and seven

679
00:24:23,990 --> 00:24:22,400
provisional asteroids

680
00:24:26,070 --> 00:24:24,000
so as bolivian campaign we also

681
00:24:27,110 --> 00:24:26,080
participated in special campaigns that

682
00:24:29,990 --> 00:24:27,120
are competitive

683
00:24:31,269 --> 00:24:30,000
among the best 10 teams of the world

684
00:24:34,630 --> 00:24:31,279
amazing

685
00:24:36,310 --> 00:24:34,640
so uh dr miller how did does the work of

686
00:24:39,350 --> 00:24:36,320
citizen scientists help with your

687
00:24:42,390 --> 00:24:41,669
the the citizen scientists are are

688
00:24:44,710 --> 00:24:42,400

finding

689

00:24:46,870 --> 00:24:44,720

objects that are actually not reported

690

00:24:48,549 --> 00:24:46,880

by the large sky surveys

691

00:24:50,789 --> 00:24:48,559

their citizen scientists are able to

692

00:24:52,630 --> 00:24:50,799

look at these images and see deeper

693

00:24:54,950 --> 00:24:52,640

into the images than the automated

694

00:24:57,990 --> 00:24:54,960

detection utilities conducted either by

695

00:24:59,750 --> 00:24:58,000

pan stars or catalina so

696

00:25:01,430 --> 00:24:59,760

those are important observations because

697

00:25:03,510 --> 00:25:01,440

they're finding things that are

698

00:25:05,990 --> 00:25:03,520

that are missed in the original in the

699

00:25:07,750 --> 00:25:06,000

original data

700

00:25:09,430 --> 00:25:07,760

wow that is quite incredible what an

701
00:25:11,269 --> 00:25:09,440
important project and it's very cool

702
00:25:12,070 --> 00:25:11,279
that citizen scientists can help with

703
00:25:15,590 --> 00:25:12,080
this

704
00:25:16,870 --> 00:25:15,600
um so what advice do both of you have

705
00:25:20,149 --> 00:25:16,880
for other people that want to get

706
00:25:23,510 --> 00:25:22,070
well from isaac's point of view if you'd

707
00:25:25,990 --> 00:25:23,520
like to participate

708
00:25:27,990 --> 00:25:26,000
you're welcome to come to our website

709
00:25:29,590 --> 00:25:28,000
and we have a registration form and uh

710
00:25:30,549 --> 00:25:29,600
the staff and i will be happy to work

711
00:25:32,710 --> 00:25:30,559
with you

712
00:25:34,149 --> 00:25:32,720
uh it takes a day or two once you uh

713
00:25:35,669 --> 00:25:34,159

send in your interests

714

00:25:39,350 --> 00:25:35,679

uh and then we'll get you set up and

715

00:25:42,549 --> 00:25:39,360

participating before you know it

716

00:25:44,230 --> 00:25:42,559

and it's free yeah

717

00:25:45,830 --> 00:25:44,240

for me is that don't be afraid to apply

718

00:25:48,149 --> 00:25:45,840

it's a great opportunity to make

719

00:25:49,269 --> 00:25:48,159

important discoveries in asteroids so

720

00:25:51,269 --> 00:25:49,279

there is a great

721

00:25:53,110 --> 00:25:51,279

experience it's free and it's open for

722

00:25:55,590 --> 00:25:53,120

everyone

723

00:25:56,870 --> 00:25:55,600

amazing great advice thank you both so

724

00:25:59,110 --> 00:25:56,880

much for the work that you're doing and

725

00:26:01,990 --> 00:25:59,120

for being with us here today

726

00:26:03,990 --> 00:26:02,000

so today we have explored our oceans our

727

00:26:06,789 --> 00:26:04,000

skies and planets that are far

728

00:26:08,870 --> 00:26:06,799

far away and we've learned that you too

729

00:26:11,269 --> 00:26:08,880

can be a scientist from your very own

730

00:26:11,990 --> 00:26:11,279

home let's see how the kids in this next

731

00:26:13,990 --> 00:26:12,000

video

732

00:26:18,549 --> 00:26:14,000

have been contributing to nasa research

733

00:26:22,870 --> 00:26:20,549

nasa has scientists posted all over the

734

00:26:25,190 --> 00:26:22,880

world studying earth's frozen regions

735

00:26:25,909 --> 00:26:25,200

we've got people exploring ice sheets

736

00:26:28,950 --> 00:26:25,919

glaciers

737

00:26:30,070 --> 00:26:28,960

permafrost sea ice snow and even ice on

738

00:26:31,669 --> 00:26:30,080

other planets

739

00:26:36,549 --> 00:26:31,679

but even our top scientists need a

740

00:26:40,630 --> 00:26:38,470

do you like going outside to do science

741

00:26:42,870 --> 00:26:40,640

yeah why

742

00:26:44,149 --> 00:26:42,880

because it's fun yeah what's your

743

00:26:48,870 --> 00:26:44,159

favorite part

744

00:26:52,549 --> 00:26:50,710

we're following the micro explorers that

745

00:26:55,269 --> 00:26:52,559

are helping nasa collect data from their

746

00:26:58,950 --> 00:26:55,279

own backyard

747

00:26:58,960 --> 00:27:04,710

why because it's very rounded

748

00:27:09,269 --> 00:27:07,190

here's the idea students construct a

749

00:27:12,070 --> 00:27:09,279

frost tube that gets put into a hole in

750

00:27:14,070 --> 00:27:12,080

undisturbed and uncompacted soil

751
00:27:15,750 --> 00:27:14,080
during the cold months students will

752
00:27:17,350 --> 00:27:15,760
measure the depth at which water in the

753
00:27:19,190 --> 00:27:17,360
frost tube freezes

754
00:27:20,549 --> 00:27:19,200
indicating that the surrounding soil has

755
00:27:22,310 --> 00:27:20,559
frozen

756
00:27:24,389 --> 00:27:22,320
this is one of many citizen science

757
00:27:26,630 --> 00:27:24,399
projects facilitated by globe

758
00:27:28,310 --> 00:27:26,640
the global learning and observations to

759
00:27:31,510 --> 00:27:28,320
benefit the environment program

760
00:27:31,520 --> 00:27:37,350
how far down is the ice

761
00:27:43,990 --> 00:27:41,110
so is there still liquid in there

762
00:27:46,950 --> 00:27:44,000
it's a worldwide program that so far has

763
00:27:49,029 --> 00:27:46,960

collected over 130 million measurements

764

00:27:51,669 --> 00:27:49,039

from more than 10 million students in

765

00:27:54,789 --> 00:27:51,679

113 countries

766

00:27:56,470 --> 00:27:54,799

are you scientists these measurements

767

00:27:57,269 --> 00:27:56,480

are added to a massive worldwide

768

00:28:00,389 --> 00:27:57,279

database

769

00:28:02,789 --> 00:28:00,399

that's free and open to the public

770

00:28:03,510 --> 00:28:02,799

globe connects my students with the rest

771

00:28:06,470 --> 00:28:03,520

of the world

772

00:28:09,110 --> 00:28:06,480

through science and looking at climate

773

00:28:10,549 --> 00:28:09,120

change and how it's affecting the future

774

00:28:13,110 --> 00:28:10,559

globe teachers like terry are

775

00:28:14,710 --> 00:28:13,120

transforming the way kids see science

776

00:28:17,029 --> 00:28:14,720

and how they'll respond to changes in

777

00:28:21,269 --> 00:28:17,039

their future environment

778

00:28:25,350 --> 00:28:23,110

thank you all for joining us today to

779

00:28:26,630 --> 00:28:25,360

learn about citizen science

780

00:28:28,830 --> 00:28:26,640

if you want to become a citizen

781

00:28:31,830 --> 00:28:28,840

scientist yourself visit

782

00:28:33,590 --> 00:28:31,840

science.nasa.gov citizen science and

783

00:28:34,230 --> 00:28:33,600

explore all of the projects that need

784

00:28:35,830 --> 00:28:34,240

you

785

00:28:37,350 --> 00:28:35,840

there's science that can be done by

786

00:28:39,350 --> 00:28:37,360

anyone anywhere

787

00:28:41,029 --> 00:28:39,360

all across the globe with just a cell

788

00:28:43,669 --> 00:28:41,039

phone or a laptop

789

00:28:44,149 --> 00:28:43,679

you can also follow do nasa science on

790

00:28:46,310 --> 00:28:44,159

twitter

791

00:28:47,269 --> 00:28:46,320

and facebook to stay informed of the

792

00:28:49,669 --> 00:28:47,279

latest updates

793

00:28:51,350 --> 00:28:49,679

and discoveries thank you so much for